

THE DETERMINATION OF MOLECULAR STRUCTURE OF 2-METHYLCYCLOHEXANONE

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The atomic and molecular structure of 2-methylcyclohexanone at 293 K was investigated using the X-ray diffraction method [1]. Monochromatic radiation MoK_α enabled determination of the scattered radiation intensity between $S_{\min} = 0.430 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$ and $S_{\max} = 14.311 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$. The curves of reduced radiation intensity were analysed by the reduction method of Blum and Narten [2].

The aim of the study was to establish the role of the cyclohexane ring and the functional groups ($-\text{CH}_3$, $=\text{O}$) attached to it of the molecule of the liquid studied. The numbering scheme is defined in Fig. 1.

The bond distances used were: $\text{C}(1)-\text{O} = 1.22 \text{ \AA}$; $\text{C}(1)-\text{C}(2) = \text{C}(2)-\text{C}(3) = \text{C}(3)-\text{C}(4) = 1.53 \text{ \AA}$; $\text{C}(2)-\text{H} = \text{C}(3)-\text{H} = 1.09 \text{ \AA}$. The mean least inter- and intramolecular distances were determined with the following accuracy: for $1.0 < r \leq 2.0 \text{ \AA}$: $\Delta r = \pm 0.01 \text{ \AA}$, for $2.0 \leq r \leq 3.0 \text{ \AA}$: $\Delta r = \pm 0.02 \text{ \AA}$, for $3.0 \leq r \leq 4.0 \text{ \AA}$: $\Delta r = \pm 0.05 \text{ \AA}$ [3].

The results permitted the determination of the intermolecular and intramolecular distances, the coordination numbers and the packing coefficient [1].

The packing coefficient of molecules in liquid 2-methylcyclohexanone is approximately 58%.

In the liquid 2-methylcyclohexanone the neighbouring molecules assume the arrangement in which their dipole moments are antiparallel [1]. The methyl group $-\text{CH}_3$ shows the C_{3v} symmetry (Fig. 1).

Because of the supposed role of the cyclohexyl ring and the functional groups: $=\text{O}$ and $-\text{CH}_3$ attached to it at the equatorial position, for mutual configurations of molecules in liquid 2-methylcyclohexanone, it seems very probable that the proposed model of local arrangement can also hold for other derivatives of cyclohexane in the liquid phase.

References

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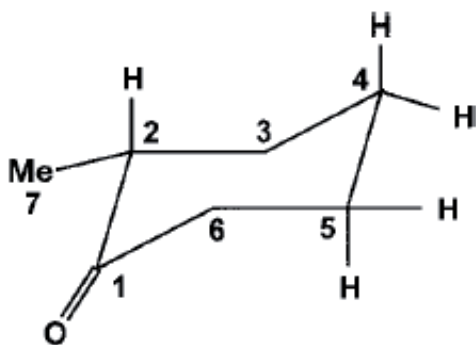


Figure 1. Definition of structural parameters for 2-methylcyclohexanone.

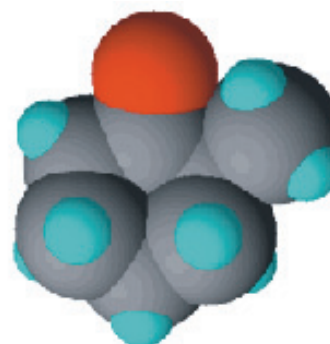


Figure 2. A model of 2-methylcyclohexanone molecule structure.